



IMP Series

Motion Control Command Library

Integrated Testing Environment

User Manual

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<http://www.epcio.com.tw>



Table of Contents

I.	INTRODUCTION OF THE MOTION CONTROL COMMAND LIBRARY (MCCL) TESTING SOFTWARE	2
II.	TESTING SOFTWARE ACTIVATION	4
III.	MOTION PROPERTY SETTING.....	6
IV.	GO HOME MOTION PROPERTY SETTINGS.....	10
V.	MOTION COMMAND EXECUTION.....	11
VI.	JOG MOTION	13
VII.	GO HOME MOTION	14
VIII.	MOTION STATUS AND INFORMATION DISPLAY	15
IX.	REMOTE I/O TEST.....	18



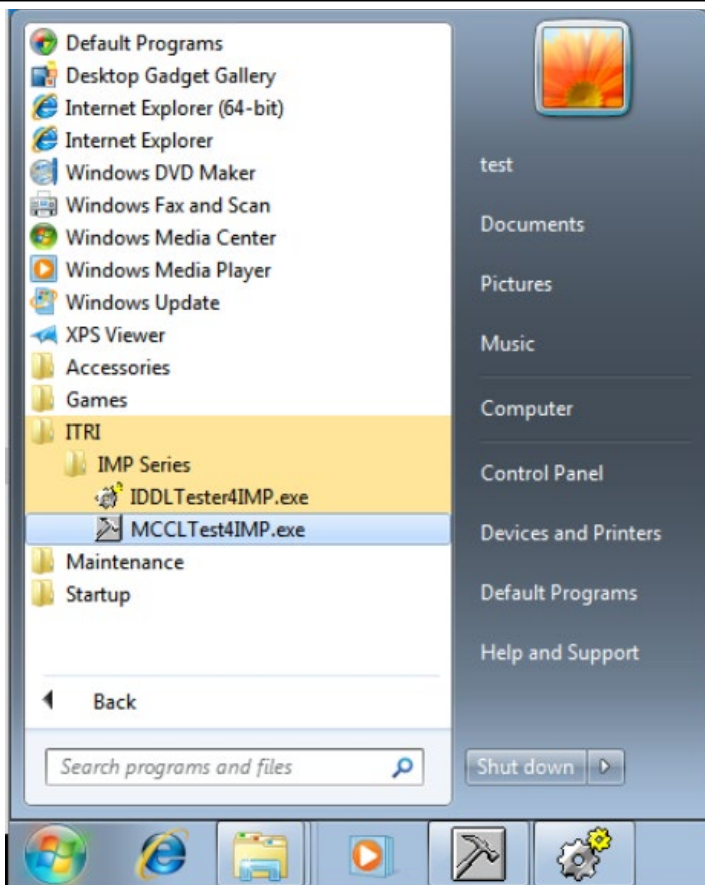
I. INTRODUCTION OF THE MOTION CONTROL COMMAND LIBRARY (MCCL) TESTING SOFTWARE

The motion control command library testing software can be used to test single IMP series motion control card using a single group (For a description of groups, please refer to “**IMP Series Motion Control Command Library User Manual**”); group parameter setting are as follows:

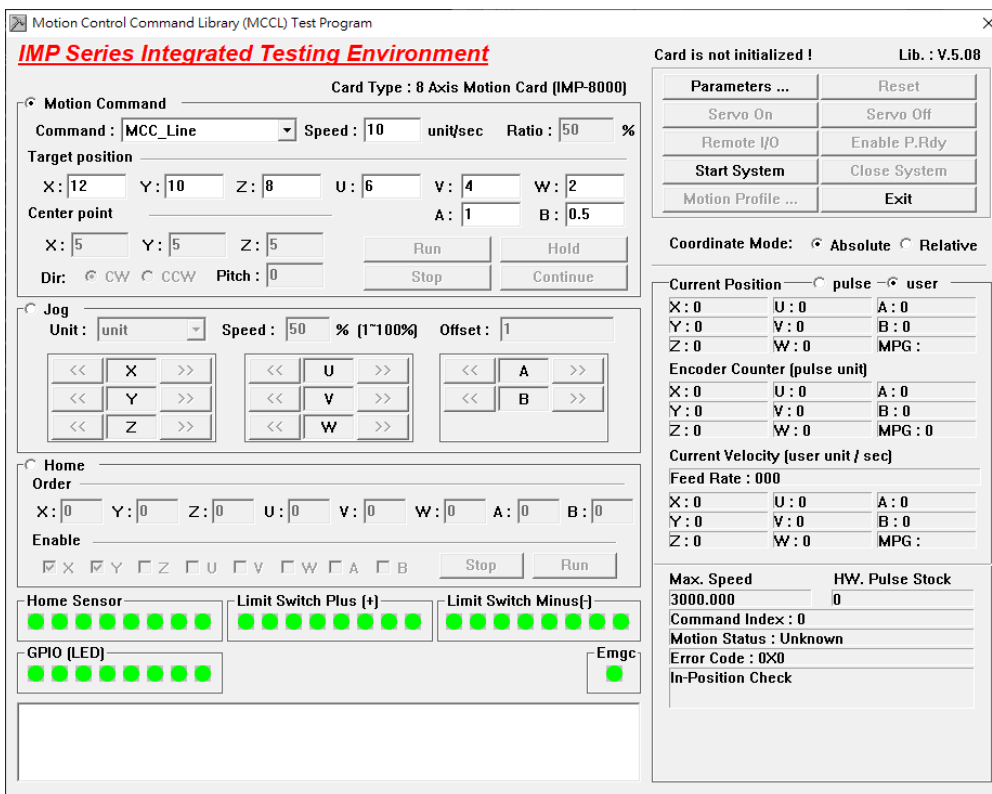
```
m_nGroupIndex = MCC_CreateGroup(  
    0, // X-axis programming results output from Channel 0  
    1, // Y-axis programming results output from Channel 1  
    2, // Z-axis programming results output from Channel 2  
    3, // U-axis programming results output from Channel 3  
    4, // V-axis programming results output from Channel 4  
    5, // W-axis programming results output from Channel 5  
    6, // A-axis programming results output from Channel 6  
    7, // B-axis programming results output from Channel 7  
    0); // Control card number corresponding to this group
```

Therefore, if the group number is required to be input into the command used in the software, m_nGroupIndex shall be applied.

This testing software only uses basic function commands provided by the MCCL. For usage of other commands, please refer to descriptions in “**IMP Series Motion Control Command Library Reference Manual**”. For more details regarding usage of commands, please refer to descriptions in “**IMP Series Motion Control Command Library Example Manual**”. Following figures will be used to illustrate basic function commands used and simply explain the operation of testing software. Enter the main menu of motion control command library testing software (MCCLTest4IMP) through the following operation.



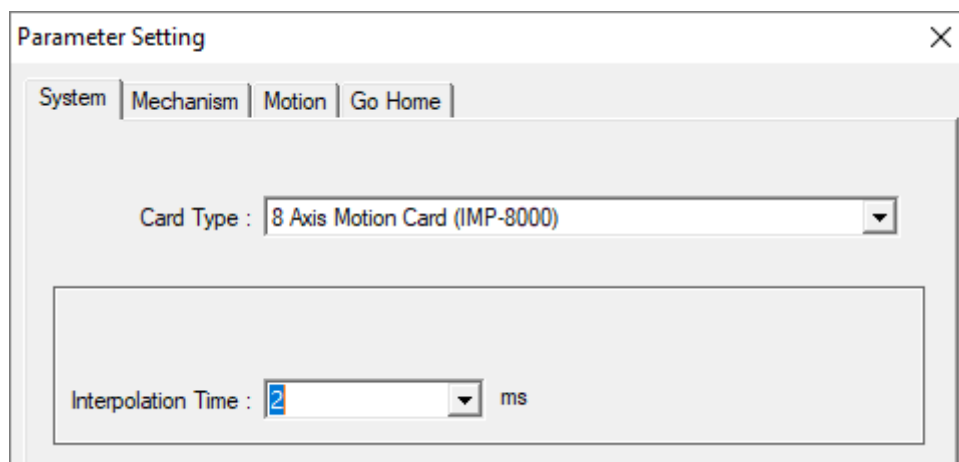
The following figure shows the main menu of motion control command library testing software (MCCLTest4IMP).



II. TESTING SOFTWARE ACTIVATION

It is required to activate the MCCL before testing its functions; parameters can be set by following procedures:

1. Click “Parameters Setting” on the main menu; checking all settings in “**System**” **Parameters Setting Page** (see following figure) can verify if the setting of card type is correct. Meanwhile, the interpolation time (suggested value: 2ms) can be set here as well.



2. Checking all settings in “**Mechanism**” **parameters Setting Page** (see the following figure) can verify if settings of mechanism parameter are correct. For the meaning of each parameter in the following figure, please refer to the description in “**IMP Series Motion Control Command Library User Manual**”.



Parameter Setting [X]

System | Mechanism | Motion | Go Home

Axis : X Axis Max. Speed : 3000 mm/sec
I Clock Divider : 10000 D/FF Clock Divider : 10000

Pos. Direction : Direct to Encoder Command Mode : Pulse Command

RPM : 3000 Rev/Min PPR : 10000 Pulse/Rev
Gear Ratio : 1 Pitch : 1 UU/Rev

Software Limitation Protection
High Limit : 10000 UU Low Limit : -10000 UU

Limitation Switch Mode
Over Travel Up : Not Check Over Travel Down : Not Check

Driver
Pulse Mode : P/D Pulse Width : 100 x 0.025 us P Gain : 40
I Gain : 0 D Gain : 0 FF Gain : 0

Encoder
Type : A/B A/B Swap : No Input Rate : x 4
Inverse
A Phase : No B Phase : No C Phase : No

S/W Gear Rate : 1

* UU: User Unit

OK Cancel Apply Help

3. Click the **Start System** button in main screen; this operation will set system parameters as well as call `MCC_InitSystem()`.



III. MOTION PROPERTY SETTING

This section will introduce the MCCL commands required by testing software when changing the settings in “**Motion**” **Property Setting Page**. The user can learn the usage of MCCL according to changes in motion trajectory. The following figure is “**Motion**” **Property Setting Page**.

Parameter Setting

System | Mechanism | **Motion** | Go Home

Acceleration Curve : Trapezoid Deceleration Curve : Trapezoid
Acceleration Time : 300 ms Deceleration Time : 300 ms

Path Blending : Disable

In Position
In Position : Disable Mode : IPM_ONETIME_BLOCK
Max. Check Time : 100 ms Settle Time : 100 ms
Tolerance : 0.1 UU

Tracking Error
Enable : X Y Z U V W A B
Error Limit : 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Software Over Travel Check
 X Axis Y Axis Z Axis U Axis V Axis W Axis A Axis B Axis

Hardware Limit Switch Check
 Check Limit Switch

* UU: User Unit

OK Cancel Apply Help



The command calls corresponding to each option are detailed below.

Acceleration Curve

Acceleration Curve :

Set the acceleration type of X, Y, Z, U, V, W, A and B axes when running linear, curve and circular motions. The type can be set as the trapezoidal curve or S curve. MCC_SetAccType('T') will be called when selecting trapezoid, meaning using the trapezoidal acceleration curve. MCC_SetAccType('S') will be called when selecting S, meaning using the S acceleration curve.

Deceleration Curve

Deceleration Curve :

Set the deceleration type of X, Y, Z, U, V, W, A and B axes when running linear, curve and circular motions. The type can be set as the trapezoidal curve or S curve. MCC_SetDecType('T') will be called when selecting trapezoid, meaning using the trapezoidal deceleration curve. MCC_SetDecType('S') will be called when selection S, meaning using the S deceleration curve.

Acceleration Time

Acceleration Time : ms

Set the acceleration time; unit: ms. The acceleration time must be set as greater than 0. Suppose the required acceleration time is dfTime, then MCC_SetAccTime(dfTime) can be called.

Deceleration Time

Deceleration Time : ms

Set the deceleration time; unit: ms. The deceleration time must be set as greater than 0. Suppose the required deceleration time is dfTime, then MCC_SetDecTime(dfTime) can be called.

Path Blending

Path Blending :

Enable path blending. Selecting “Disable” will disable path blending by calling MCC_DisableBlend() ; selecting “Enable” will enable path blending by calling MCC_EnableBlend().



In Position

This part is used to enable the in-position confirmation function and set its parameters (For the in-position confirmation function, please refer to **IMP Series Motion Control Command Library User Manual**).

In Position : <input type="text" value="Disable"/>	MCC_EnableInPos / MCC_DisableInPos
Mode : <input type="text" value="IPM_ONETIME_BLOC"/>	MCC_SetInPosMode
Max. Check Time : <input type="text" value="100"/> ms	MCC_SetInPosMaxCheckTime
Settle Time : <input type="text" value="100"/> ms	MCC_SetInPosSettleTime
Tolerance : <input type="text" value="0.1"/> UU	MCC_SetInPosToleranceEx

Tracking Error

This part is used to enable the tracking error function and set its parameters (for the tracking error function, please refer to **IMP Series Motion Control Command Library User Manual**).

Enable tracking error	MCC_EnableTrackError
Disable tracking error	MCC_DisableTrackError
Set tracking error tolerance	MCC_SetTrackErrorLimit

Software Over Travel Check

”**Software Over Travel Check**” uses MCC_SetOverTravelCheck to enable the software over travel check of each axis and can limit the displacement within the work area.

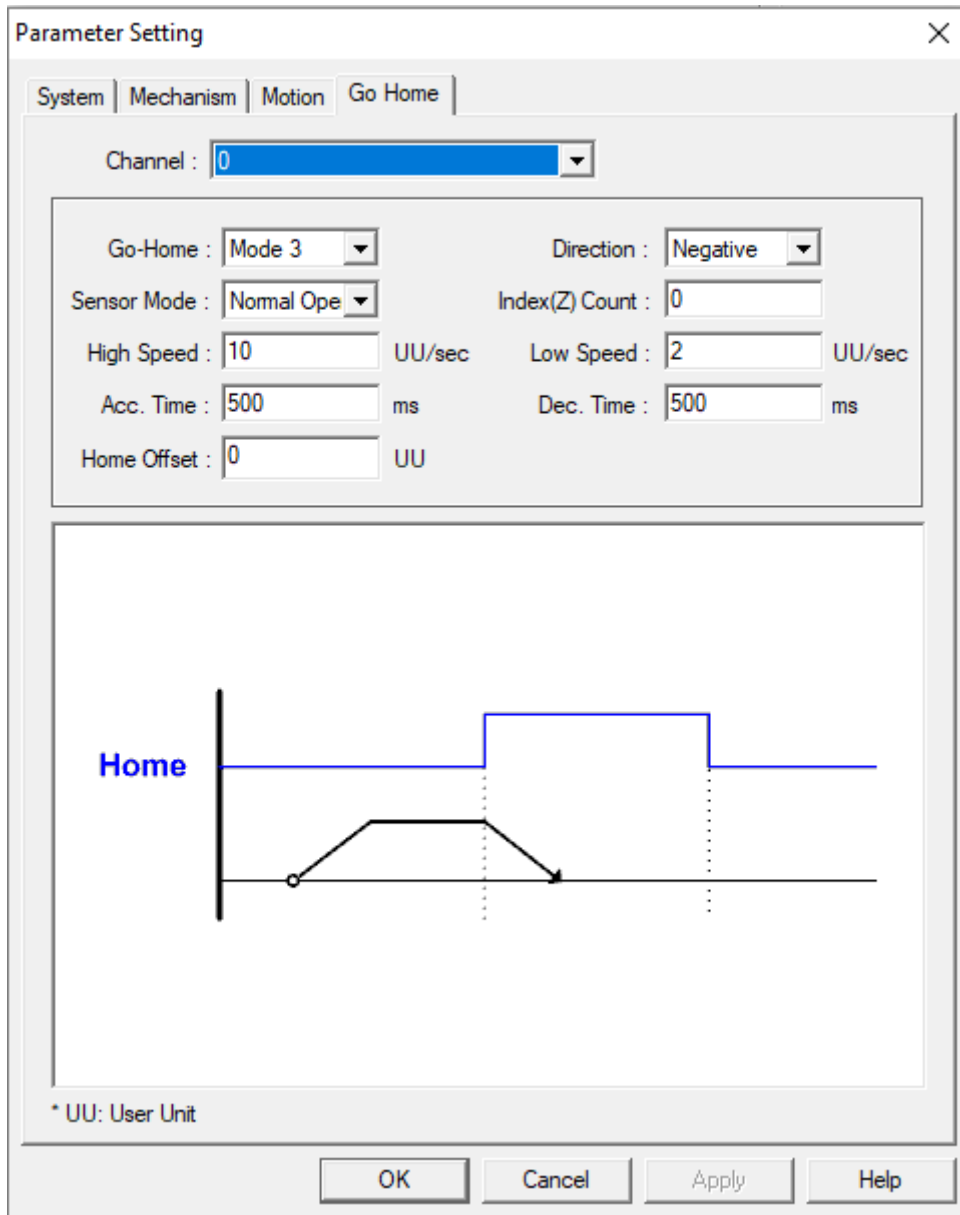


Hardware Limit Switch Check



If the status is **Check Limit Switch**, then `MCC_EnableLimitSwitchCheck` will be called to enable the limit switch check; otherwise, `MCC_DisableLimitSwitchCheck` will be called to disable the limit switch check. The user can call `MCC_GetLimitSwitchStatus` to check if the limit switch is triggered currently. For using these functions, mechanism parameters `wOverTravelUpSensorMode` and `wOverTravelDownSensorMode` must be correctly set (must be Normal Open or Normal Close).

IV. GO HOME MOTION PROPERTY SETTINGS



The image shows a 'Parameter Setting' dialog box with a 'Go Home' tab selected. The 'Channel' is set to 0. The 'Go-Home' mode is 'Mode 3', and the 'Direction' is 'Negative'. The 'Sensor Mode' is 'Normal Ope'. The 'Index(Z) Count' is 0. The 'High Speed' is 10 UU/sec, and the 'Low Speed' is 2 UU/sec. The 'Acc. Time' is 500 ms, and the 'Dec. Time' is 500 ms. The 'Home Offset' is 0 UU. Below the settings is a graph showing a step function for the 'Home' signal and a trapezoidal profile for the motion. The graph has a vertical axis labeled 'Home' and a horizontal axis. A blue step function starts at a low level, jumps to a high level, and then returns to the low level. A black trapezoidal profile starts at the origin, ramps up to a peak, holds at the peak, and then ramps down to zero. Vertical dashed lines indicate the timing of the speed changes and the end of the motion.

Parameter Setting

System Mechanism Motion **Go Home**

Channel : 0

Go-Home : Mode 3 Direction : Negative

Sensor Mode : Normal Ope Index(Z) Count : 0

High Speed : 10 UU/sec Low Speed : 2 UU/sec

Acc. Time : 500 ms Dec. Time : 500 ms

Home Offset : 0 UU

Home

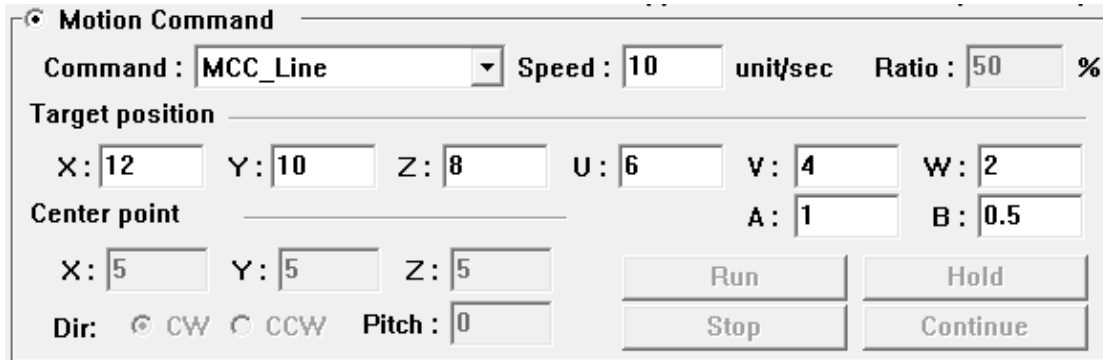
* UU: User Unit

OK Cancel Apply Help

The above figure shows property settings related to Go Home motion. These settings will directly reflect the Go Home parameters. For details, please refer to “**IMP Series Motion Control Command Library User Manual**”.

V. MOTION COMMAND EXECUTION

The following figure shows “Motion” Command Parameter Setting section. Content related to general motion operation is introduced below.



Motion Command

Command : Speed : unit/sec Ratio : %

Target position

X : Y : Z : U : V : W :

Center point

X : Y : Z : A : B :

Dir: CW CCW Pitch :

Motion Command Option:

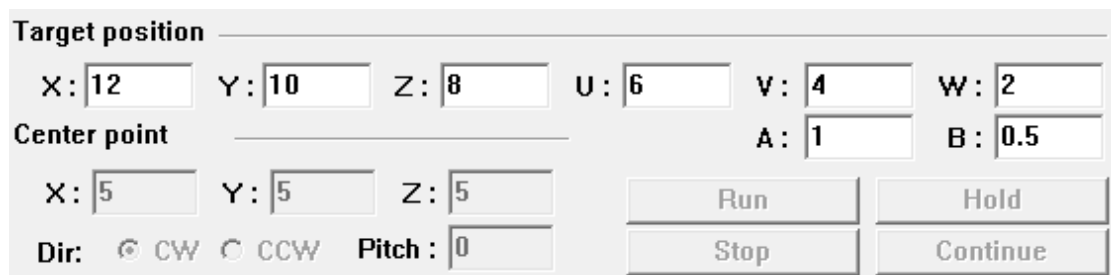
The motion command type can be selected here. The option content and command name are the same, including point-to-point, linear, circular, curve and helical motions.

Speed Setting:

unit/sec is used to set the feed speed; unit: unit/sec. This input value will act as the call parameter of MCC_SetFeedSpeed and should not be smaller than or equal 0.

% sets the point-to-point speed ratio. The input value is ranging from 1~100 and will act as the call parameter of MCC_SetPtPSpeed.

Parameters:



Target position

X : Y : Z : U : V : W :

Center point





X : Y : Z : A : B :

Dir: CW CCW Pitch :

“Target position” and “Center point” in the above figure are the required

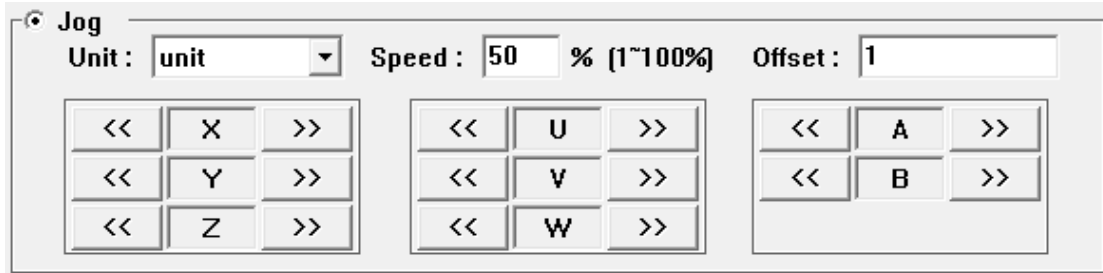


parameters for calling the commands listed above. For details, please refer to “**IMP Series Motion Control Command Library Reference Manual**”.

After all parameters are correctly set, click the  button to send the motion command to motion command queue. Clicking the  button can call MCC_HoldMotion to temporarily stop motion; clicking the  button can call MCC_ContiMotion to resume the paused motion command. Clicking the  button can call MCC_AbortMotionEx to abort the current motion and delete the commands stored in motion command queue.

VI. JOG MOTION

The following figure shows “JOG” Motion Parameter Setting section. Options related to the JOG motion are introduced below.



Displacement Unit: Unit :

If selecting “Unit” as the displacement unit, then the JOG motion will use User Unit as the displacement unit. Moreover, when using the JOG motion control button (such as clicking), the specified axis will be driven according to the designated incremental displacement value (the input value in) and the feed speed ratio (feed speed is the input value in multiplied by $(RPM / 60) \times Pitch / GearRatio$ of each axis). At this point, MCC_JogSpace() will be called.

If selecting “pulse” as the displacement unit, then the JOG motion will use pulse as the displacement unit. At this point, if the system is under motion stop status and the JOG motion control button is used, the specified axis will be driven according to the designated pulse displacement and direction. The setting of pulse displacement should not be overly large (cannot exceed 2048 pulses). At this point, MCC_JogPulse() will be called



VII. GO HOME MOTION

The following figure shows “Go Home Parameters Setting” section. Options related to the Home motion operation are introduced below.

Command declarations regarding the Go Home motion are as follows:


```
MCC_Home( int nOrder0, int nOrder1, int nOrder2,
          int nOrder3, int nOrder4, int nOrder5,
          int nOrder6, int nOrder7, WORD wCardIndex);
```

```
MCC_GetGoHomeStatus();
```

Where `MCC_Home()` can take the machine to home position. `MCC_GetGoHomeStatus()` can be used with this command to check if the Go Home motion has completed. `nOrder0~nOrder7` respectively represents the reset sequence of X, Y, Z, U, V, W, A and B axes. The setting value of reset sequence ranges between 0 ~ 7. These parameters can be obtained from “Go Home Parameters Setting” section.

The feed speed unit of each axis is User Unit. The reset sequence of motion axes not executing Go Home motion needs to be set as 0xff(255). In

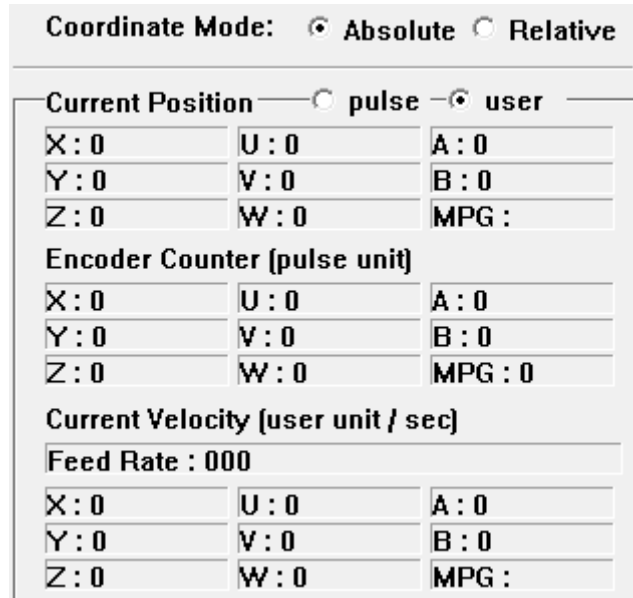
figure, the reset sequence unselected motion axes will be set as 0xff.

After all parameters are correctly set, click the  button to call `MCC_Home` and execute the Go Home motion. During execution, click the

 button to call `MCC_AbortGoHome` and stop the Go Home motion.

VIII. MOTION STATUS AND INFORMATION DISPLAY

The following figure shows “**Motion Status Information Display**” section. Methods for obtaining each information are introduced below.



Coordinate Mode: Absolute Relative

Current Position pulse user

X : 0	U : 0	A : 0
Y : 0	V : 0	B : 0
Z : 0	W : 0	MPG :

Encoder Counter (pulse unit)

X : 0	U : 0	A : 0
Y : 0	V : 0	B : 0
Z : 0	W : 0	MPG : 0

Current Velocity (user unit / sec)

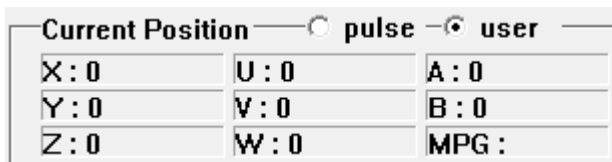
Feed Rate : 000

X : 0	U : 0	A : 0
Y : 0	V : 0	B : 0
Z : 0	W : 0	MPG :

Coordinate Mode **Coordinate Mode:** Absolute Relative

Set coordinate values of each axis to be shown in absolute coordinate mode or relative coordinate mode (incremental). When selecting “Absolute”, `MCC_SetAbsolute()` will be called ; when selecting “Relative”, `MCC_SetIncrease()` will be called.

Cartesian Coordinates for the Current Position Command of Each Axis:



Current Position pulse user

X : 0	U : 0	A : 0
Y : 0	V : 0	B : 0
Z : 0	W : 0	MPG :

`MCC_GetCurPos` can be used to acquire the Cartesian coordinates for the current position of each axis



Encoder Count of the Current Position of Each Axis:

Encoder Counter (pulse unit)		
X : 0	U : 0	A : 0
Y : 0	V : 0	B : 0
Z : 0	W : 0	MPG : 0

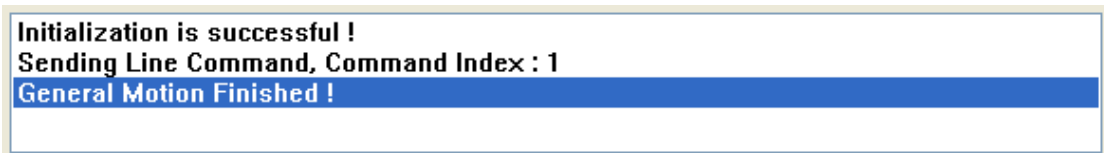
If an encoder is installed in the system, the user can use MCC_GetENCValue() to acquire the encoder count for current position of each axis

Current Actual Feed Speed (Feed Rate) and Speed of Each Axis:

Feed Rate : 000		
X : 0	U : 0	A : 0
Y : 0	V : 0	B : 0
Z : 0	W : 0	MPG :

Calling MCC_GetCurFeedSpeed and MCC_GetSpeed can acquire the current feed Speed of general motion (excluding point-to-point motion) and the current speed of each axis

Information Window:

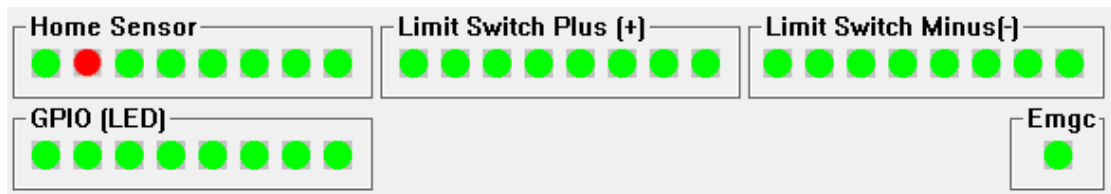


The “**Information Window**” shows the current motion status and index of motion commands sent to the motion command queue when the “**Run**” button in “**Motion Command Parameter Setting**” section is clicked. The index can be obtained from the command return value (such as the command return value of calling MCC_Line). Information related to motion commands currently being executed, including motion command indexes, can be acquired by using MCC_GetCurCommand. The index of motion command being executed is shown as follows.



Max. Speed	HW. Pulse Stock
3000.000	30
Command Index : 3	
Motion Status : Unknown	
Error Code : 0X0	
In-Position Check	

The following figure shows “**Home Sensor & Limit Switch Sensor & GPIO (LED) & Emergency Stop Status**” display area used to display the statuses of these inputs .



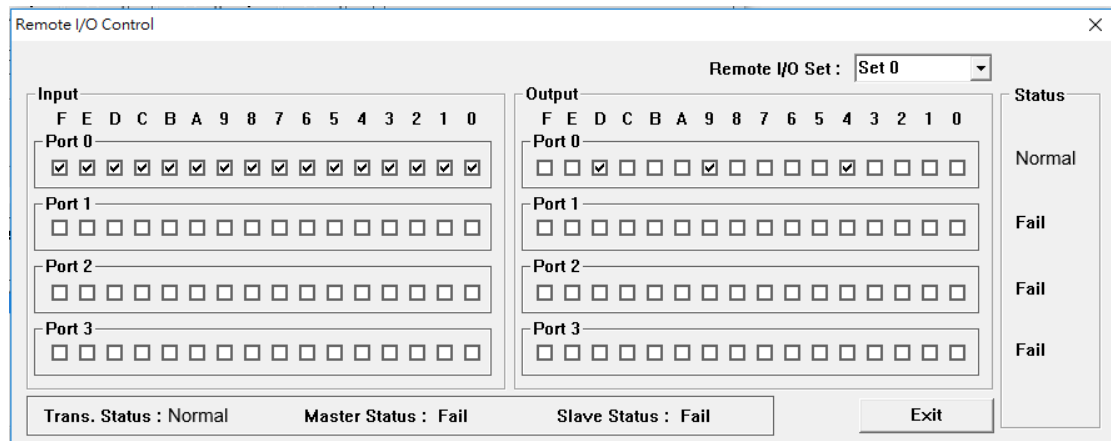
MCC_GetLimitSwitchStatus, MCC_GetGoHomeStatus, MCC_LIO_GetLedLightStatus and MCC_GetEmgcStopStatus can be used to acquire the statuses of the home sensor, limit switch sensor, GPIO (LED) and emergency stop.

IX. REMOTE I/O TEST

If the system is installed with an Ayschronous Remote I/O control card, once the system is successfully initialized, click the **Remote I/O** button to read the remote I/O control window. Note: After the system is successfully initialized by using `MCC_InitSystem`, it is still required to call following commands to normally use functions of remote I/O. The commands include:

```
MCC_EnableRIOSetControl();  
MCC_EnableRIOSlaveControl()
```

Following is the remote I/O control window



`MCC_GetRIOInputValue` and `MCC_SetRIOOutputValue` can be used to acquire and set the remote I/O signal status respectively.